

Name: Key

Show all work clearly and in order. Please box your answers. 10 minutes.

1. A particle is moving on a straight line with acceleration $a(t) = 2\sin(t) + 3$. Its velocity at $t = 0$ is $v(0) = 0$ and its position at time $t = 0$ is $s(0) = 10$.
- (a) Find the velocity function of the particle:

$$v(t) = \int a(t) dt = \int (2\sin(t) + 3) dt \\ = -2\cos(t) + 3t + C$$

$$\text{so } v(t) = -2\cos(t) + 3t + C$$

since $v(0) = 0$ we can solve for C :

$$v(0) = 0 = -2\cos(0) + 3 \cdot 0 + C$$

$$0 = -2 \cdot 1 + 0 + C$$

$$C = -2$$

$$C = 2$$

Hence

$$v(t) = -2\cos(t) + 3t + 2$$

- (b) Find the velocity of the particle at $t = 1$. $v(1) = \boxed{-2\cos(1) + 5}$ or $\boxed{\approx 3.9194}$

- (c) Find the position function of the particle:

$$s(t) = \int v(t) dt = \int (-2\cos(t) + 3t + 2) dt$$

$$= -2\sin(t) + \frac{3t^2}{2} + 2t + D$$

$$\text{so } s(t) = -2\sin(t) + \frac{3t^2}{2} + 2t + D$$

since $s(0) = 10$ we can solve for D :

$$s(0) = 10 = -2\sin(0) + \frac{3 \cdot 0^2}{2} + 2 \cdot 0 + D$$

$$10 = 0 + 0 + 0 + D$$

$$D = 10$$

Hence,
$$s(t) = -2\sin(t) + \frac{3}{2}t^2 + 2t + 10$$

- (d) Find the position of the particle at $t = 1$. $s(1) = -2\sin(1) + \frac{3}{2} + 2 + 10 = \boxed{-2\sin(1) + \frac{27}{2}} \approx \boxed{11.817}$